



Detection and Identification of Endocrine Active Substances in Food Packaging

OFI Austrian Research Inst. for Chem. and Tech.

Mitglied bei:

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AUSTRIAN COOPERATIVE RESEARCH

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Endocrine activity in mineral water!

- Several independent studies
- Endocrine activity was detected in various mineral water brands
- Source remained unclear (source water, contaminations during filling process, PET bottle, PE screw caps)
- PET bottles suspected

=> Direct analysis of PET bottles necessary!





By JAIME J. HENNESSEY
July 6, 2006

Scientists Fear Chemical in Plastic Could Be Harmful

From food-storage containers to disposable silverware, plastic products are such a part of our lives that it's easy to overlook the possibility that they could harm us.

Standard.at > Gesundheit > Leben > Umweltmedizin
Vorstellung Inland Wirtschaft Web Sport Panorama Etal K...

Plastic chemicals 'feminise boys'

Chemicals in plastics alter the brains of baby boys, making them "more feminine", say US researchers.

Males exposed to high doses in the womb went on to be less likely to play with boys' toys like cars or to join in rough and tumble games, they found.



Male hormones drive boyish play

The University of Rochester team's latest work adds to concerns about the safety of phthalates, found in vinyl flooring and PVC shoes.

The findings are reported in the Int...

Österreich verhält sich anders als die USA: Bisphenol A in Babyflaschen ist verboten, aber noch in Spielzeug. Österreichische Kinder sind 2011 will Gesundheitsminister in "kindernaher" Spielzeug verboten. Zu f... Beschichtung Trinkflaschen... BPA ist Aus...

foto: ernst rose/pixelio.de
...sein Einfluß auf den ...

What's in YOUR blood?



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Study shows dangers of BPA chemical used in plastic packaging

Bisphenol A is used to line drinks cans and in tests affected the way genes work in the brains of laboratory rats

Are Plastic Baby Bottles Harmful?

By Laura Blue | Friday, Feb. 08, 2008

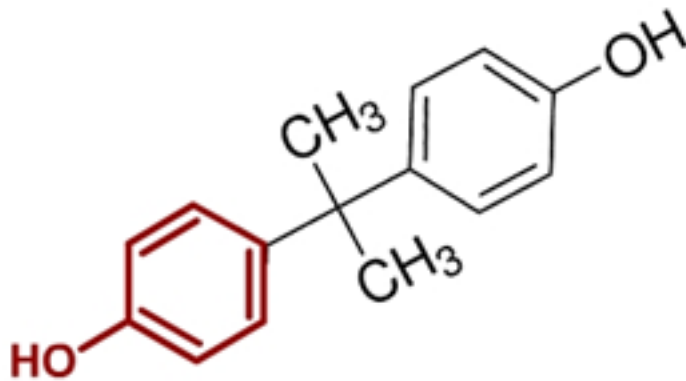
If a new report is to be believed, an entire generation of children has grown up drinking a toxic chemical from their earliest months: bisphenol A. A consortium of North American environmental and health groups released a paper Thursday showing that many major-brand baby bottles leach bisphenol A, and is now calling for a moratorium on the use of the compound — used to make polycarbonate plastic baby bottles.



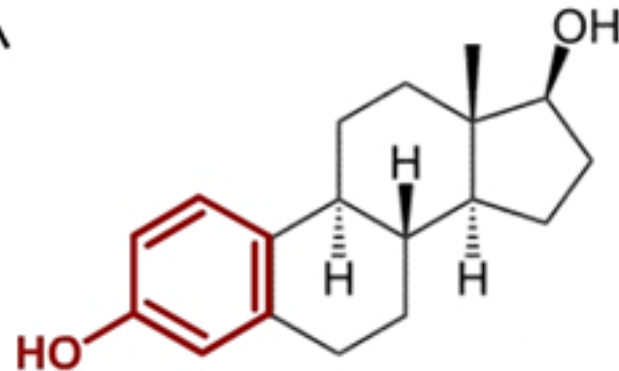
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Consumers are concerned...





Bisphenol A
(Monomer of polycarbonate)



Estrogen (17β-Estradiol)
(Natural female sex hormone)

Endocrine active substances!

- Exogenous man-made substances:
 - Plasticisers
 - Stabilizers
 - Antioxidants
 - Monomers
 - Print colours
 - Contaminants
 - Degradation products



Yeast assays:

- Yeast Estrogen Screen
- Yeast Androgen Screen

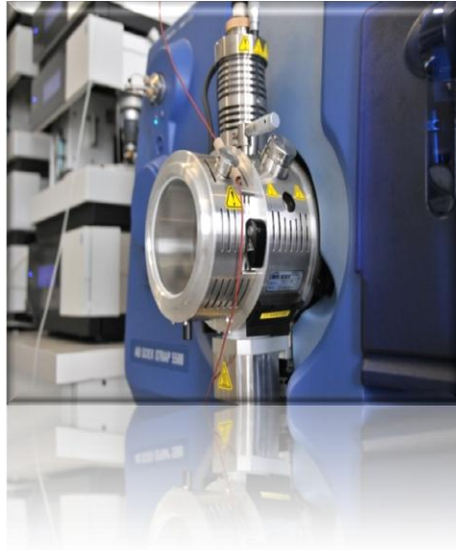
Human cell assays: (CALUX)

- Estrogens (female sex hormone)
- Androgens (male sex hormone)
- Thyroid hormones
- Substances interfering with PPAR-receptors



HPLC-UV/VIS-MS/MSⁿ

Dionex U3000
Qtrap 5500, Triple-Quad with
linear Ion trap
Source: ESI and APCI

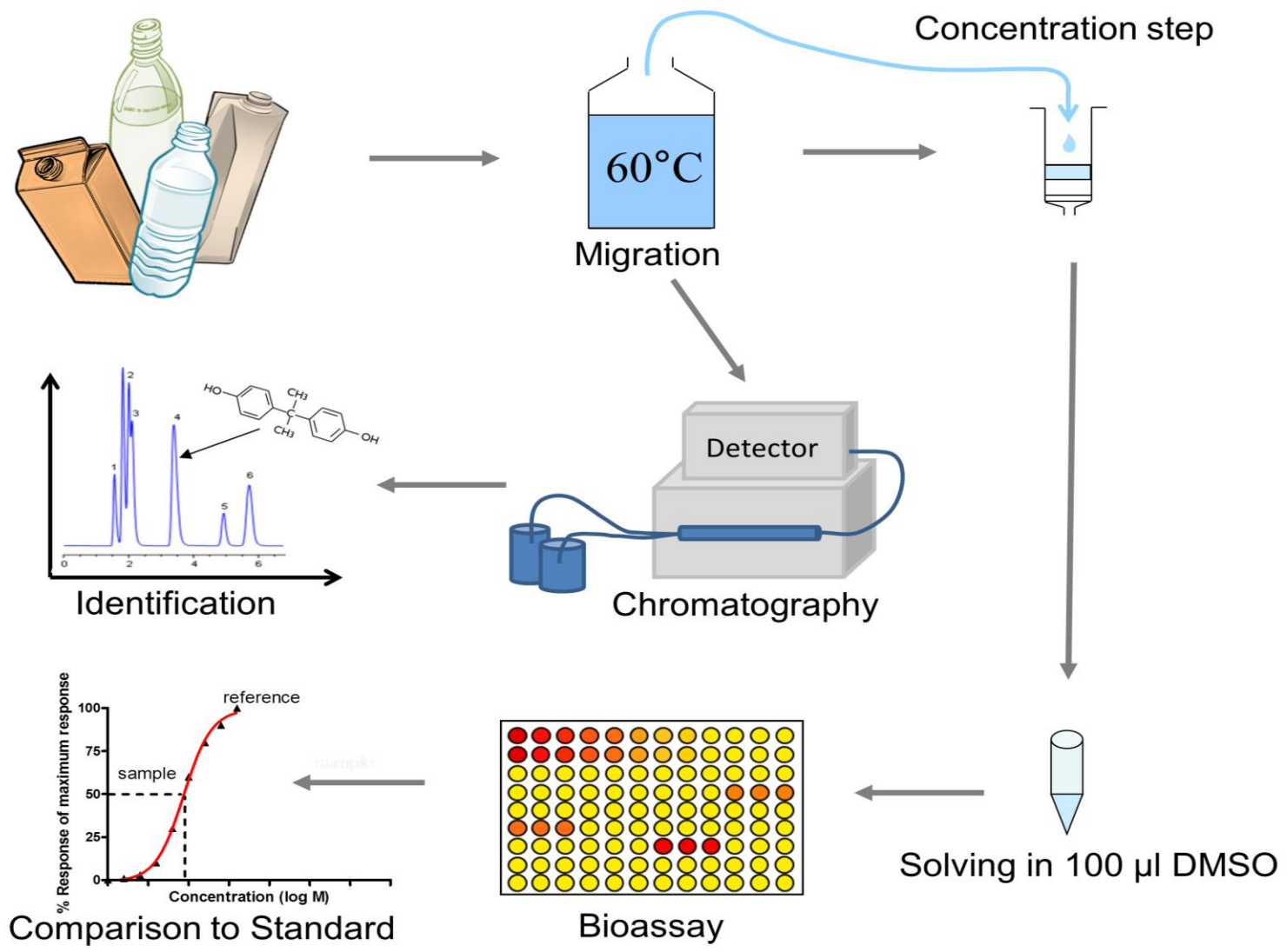


GC MS

- TDU-GC/MS: 7890A (GC) + 5975C inert (MS) + FID with multipurpose Sampler: TDU/HS/FI
- Screening of unknown substances + Semi-quantification with FID

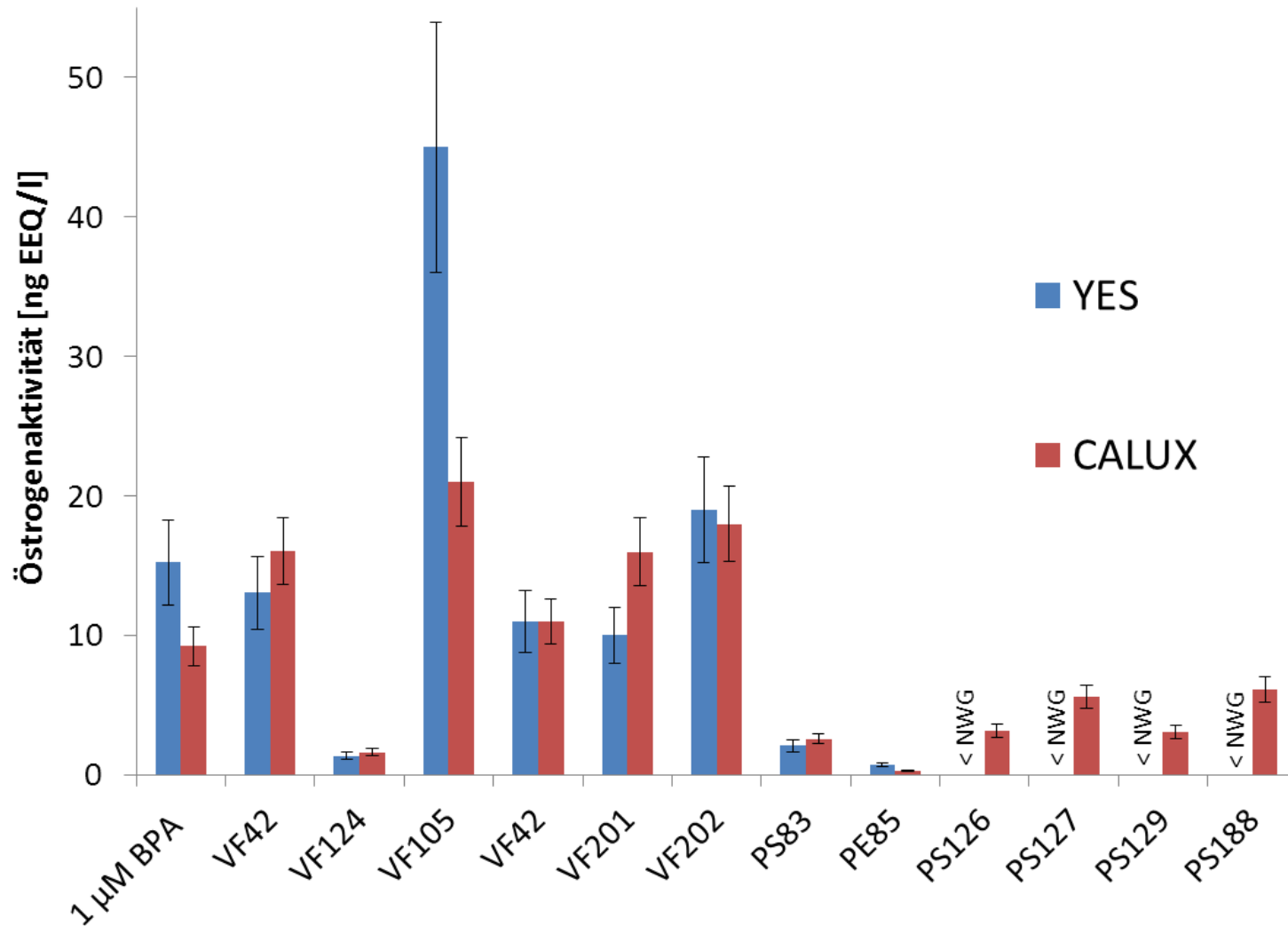
Limit of detection: < 10 ppb

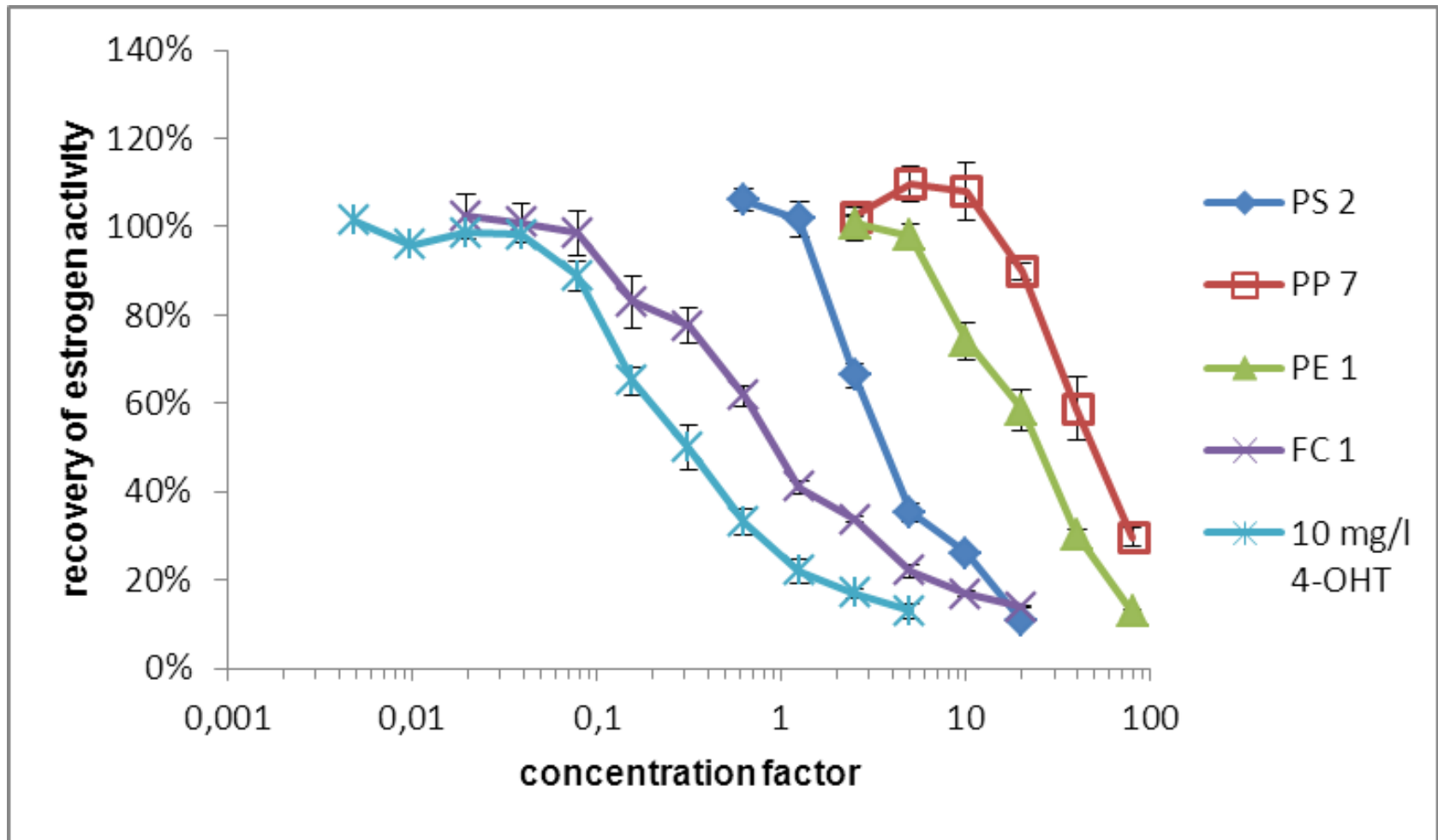
Scheme of analysis

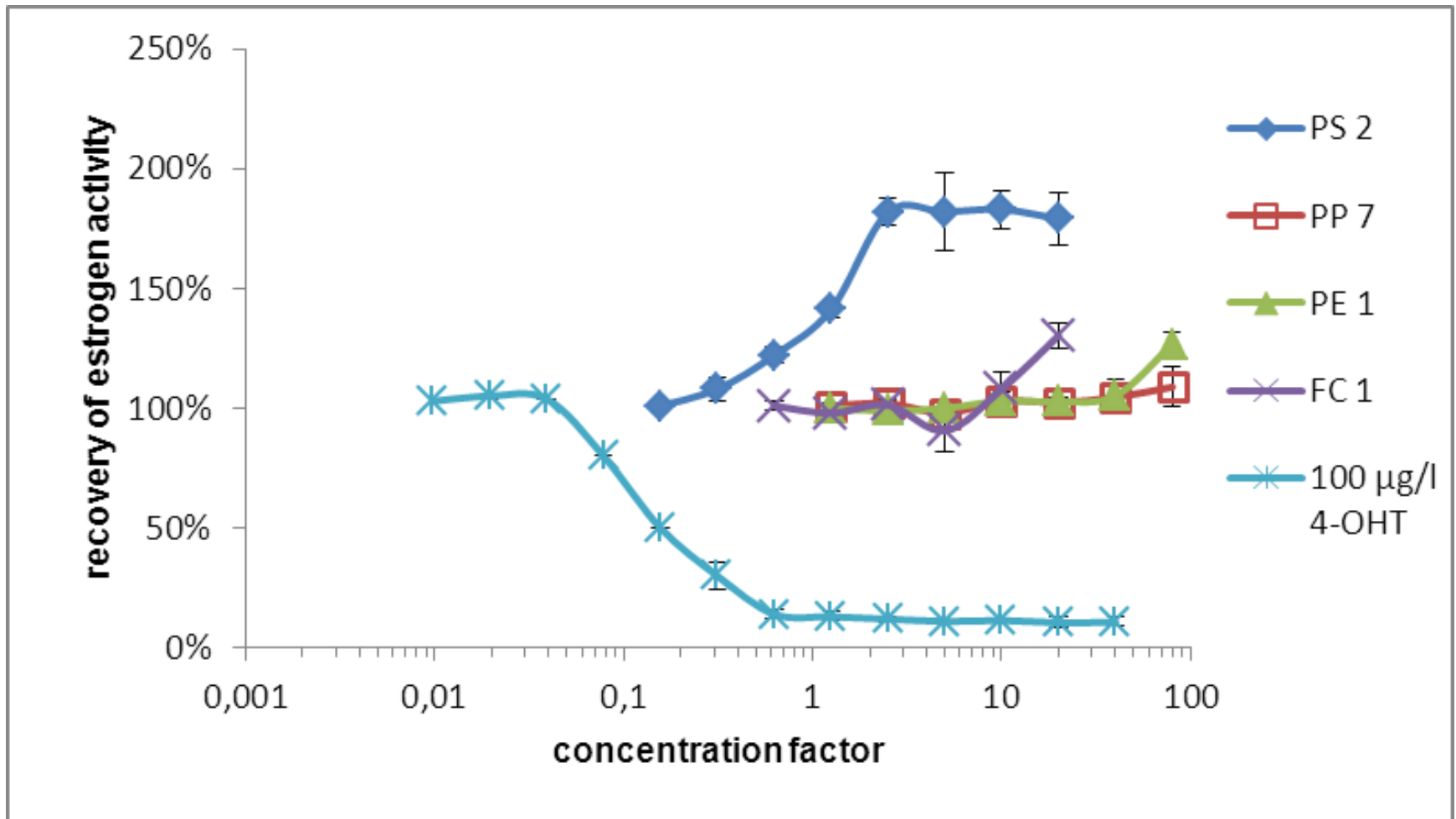


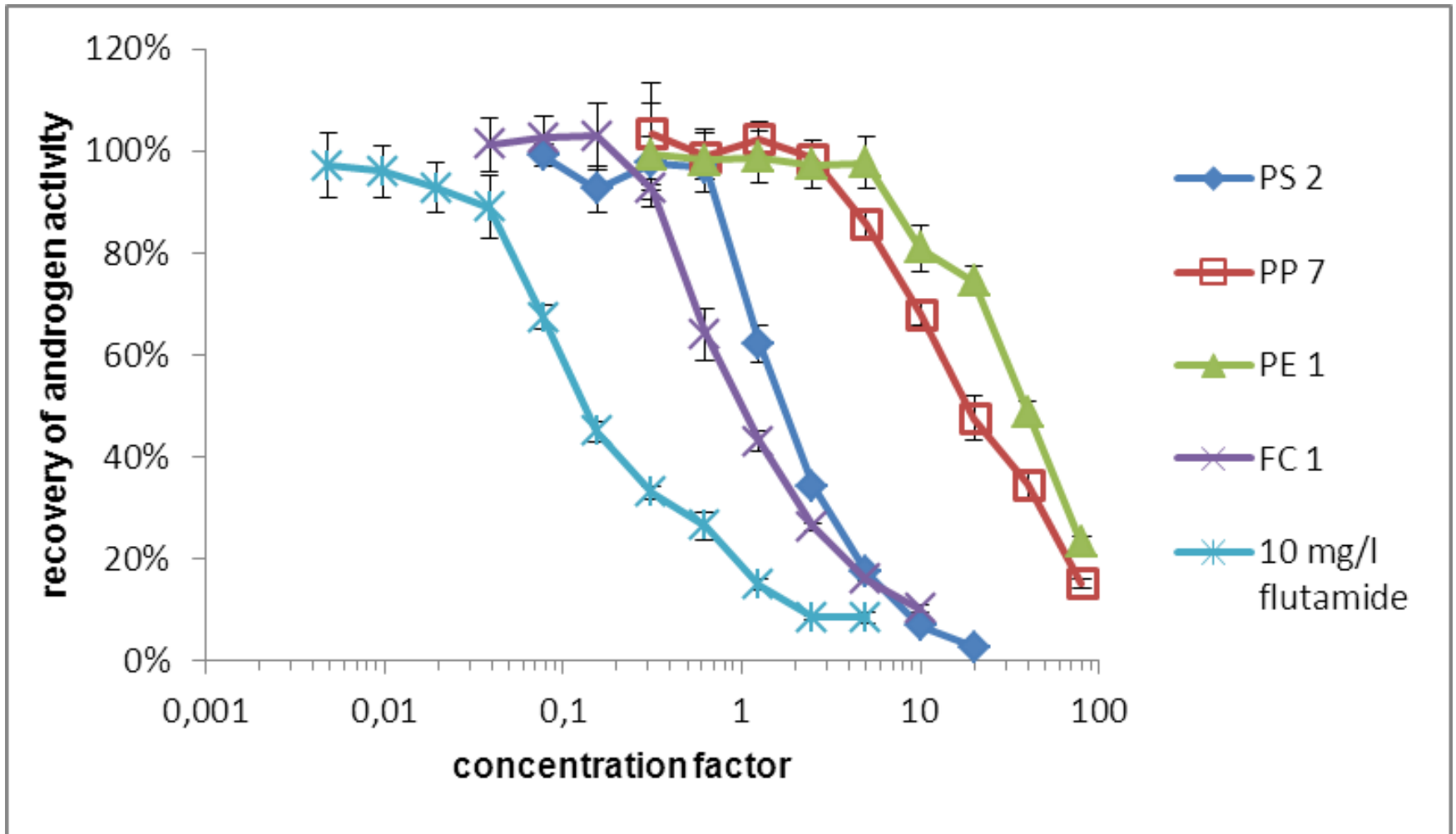
Comparison of the bioassays

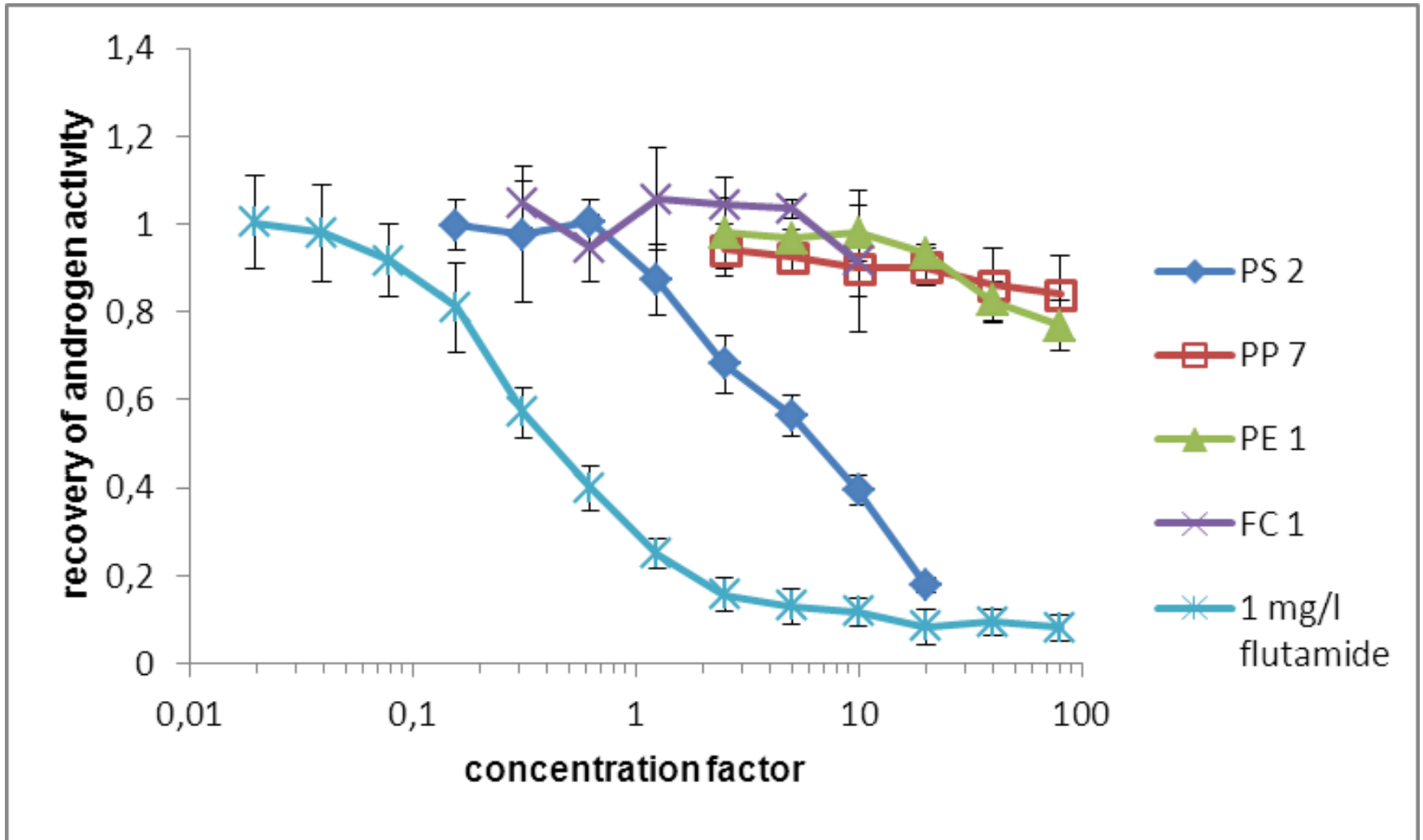
YES and ER CALUX: good correlation of estrogenic activity











Significant correlation between results of yeast and human bioassays when testing for agonism, but not for antagonism

- Samples that showed antiestrogenic effects in the YES also showed antiandrogenic effects in the YAS.
- Indicates that the observed effect is not specific to the respective hormone receptor
- => YES and YAS are not suitable for an analysis of food packaging for antagonistic effects.
- CALUX – Bioassays for screening of food packaging

250 samples of different food packaging

empty packages (bottles, cups, microwave packaging, caps), granulates, films,....)

Samples included various materials:

- Composite films
- Polystyrene
- Polyolefins
- Food cartons
- Cans



- >80% of all tested samples: no endocrine activity
- About 15% of all tested sample: estrogen activity
 - Detected activity is mostly much lower than the activities previously found in mineral water (<7 ng/L EEQ)
 - < 2% (4 samples): activities between 50 – 100 ng/L EEQ
- About 10% of all tested samples: anti-androgen activity
- No thyroid activity detected

35 PET samples from different European Producers

Virgin and recycling-material:

- Unprocessed PET: granulates
- Recycling Flakes
- Preforms
- Bottles with HDPE screw caps



Only 1 out of 35 samples showed a very low estrogen activity:

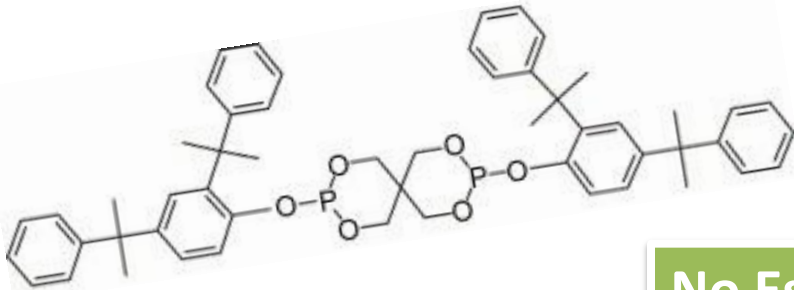
- Estrogen active sample (Recycling flakes): **0,05 ± 0,02 ng EEQ/L**
- Estrogen activity in bottled water (Wagner 2009): **75 ng EEQ/L**

Other endocrine active substances identified in positive testes samples:

- Bisphenol A
- Styrene dimers and trimers
- Phthalates: BBP, DBP,...
- Components of printing colours (photo initiators)
- Degradation products of antioxidants

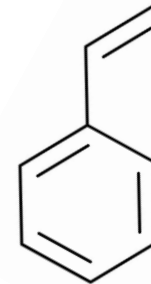
- BUT: in many sample - no explanation for endocrine activity

Antioxidant: Alkanox 28



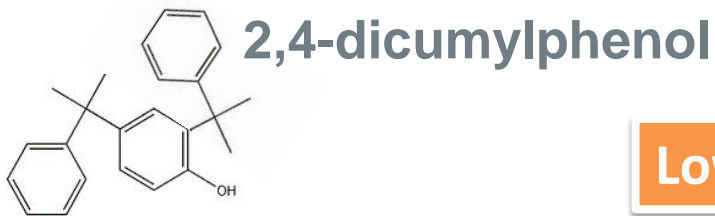
No Estrogen Activity!

Monomer: Styrene



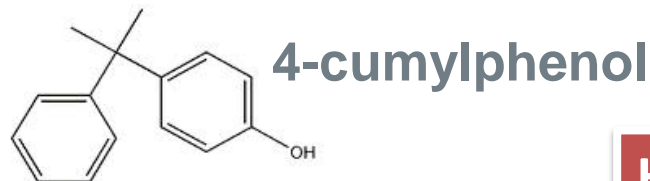
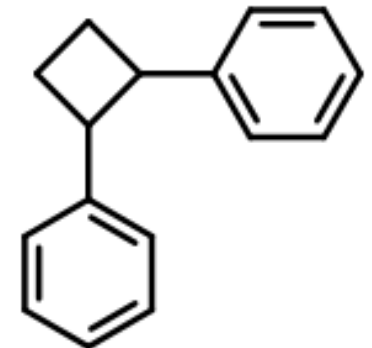
Degradation products

Byproduct of polymerization



Low Estrogen Activity!

1 2-diphenylcyclobutane



High Estrogen Activity!

Majority of food packaging is not endocrine active (> 80 %)

- Activities are mostly much lower than the activities previously detected in mineral water
- Some samples show significant higher activity
- PET results clearly indicate that the activities found in mineral water were not caused by PET
- Cell assays only show binding to the hormone receptor => No direct conclusion on the activity in an organism possible !!!





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