

Contribution of biodetection for water safety (Chair H. Hollert)

09.00-09.20	Future of water testing (H. Hollert, RWTH Aachen)
09.20-09.40	Bioactive compounds with EDA (C. Houtman, HWL Haarlem)
09.40-10.00	Bioactivities in drinking WTPs (A. Oskarsson, SLU Uppsala)
10.00-10.15	AquaNes Project (H. Besselink, BDS)
10.15-10.30	Coffee Break and Poster Session
10.30-10.50	WWTPs & Ozonation (H. Bielak, IWW Mülheim)
10.50-11.10	Safer advanced WWTPs (H. Schaar, TU Vienna)
11.10-11.30	Safety of pipeline migration water (R. Junek, UBA)
11.30-11.50	Ecotox & corrosion protection (E. Vermeirssen, Ecotox Centre)
11.50-12.10	Novel bioassays for antibiotics in water (T. de Boer, MLS)
12.10-12.30	Nationwide water quality assessment (M. de Baat UvA)
12.30-13.30	Lunch & Presentation (QuoData, Tecan) & Posters

11th BioDetectors Conference 2018



INSTITUT
FÜR
UMWELT-
FORSCHUNG



RWTHAACHEN
UNIVERSITY

Sponsored by



BERTHOLD...
TECHNOLOGY...

HAMILTON

LC Tech

Effect-based methods for evaluating Water and surface waters – Future of water testing

Henner Hollert,

Sarah Könemann, Thomas-Benjamin Seiler, Carolina Di Paolo, Sabrina Schiwy, Sarah Crawford, Werner Brack, Inge Werner, Robert Kase, Beate Escher & Mario Carere



**Marie Curie ITN Project EDA Emerge
EU Integrated Project Solutions**

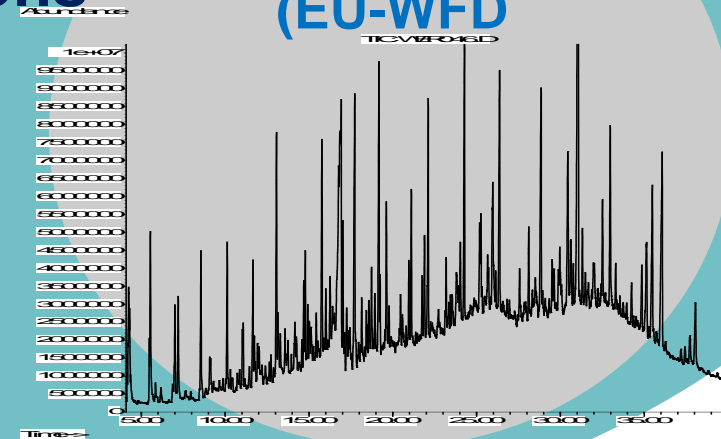


- Complex mixture
- **Chemical Analysis** of priority substances does often not explain the effects.
- **Bioassays** are suitable to evaluate effects of complex environmental mixtures

>143 Mio known chemicals

Over 1000 of chemicals with elevated concentrations

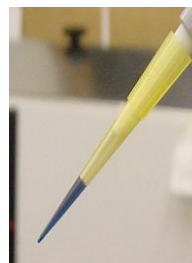
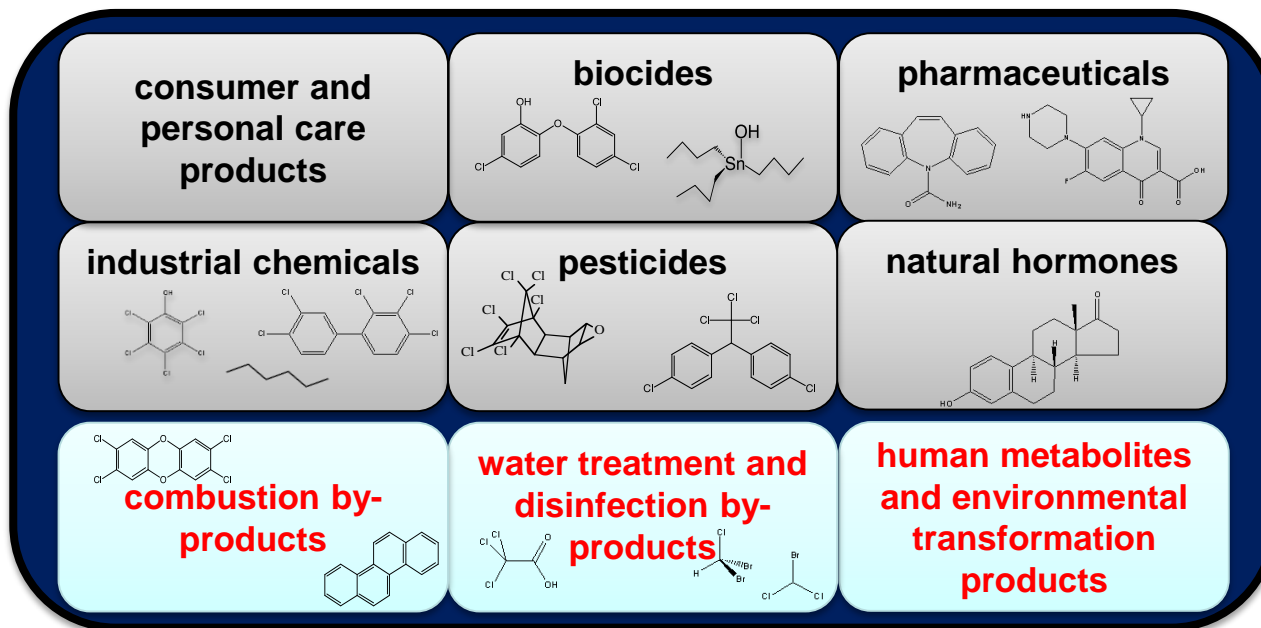
45 priority substances (EU-WFD)



Is there a problem?

EU-WFD: EU-Water Framework directive

Anthropogenic organic chemicals **and transformation products** put pressure on ecosystems and drinking water resources

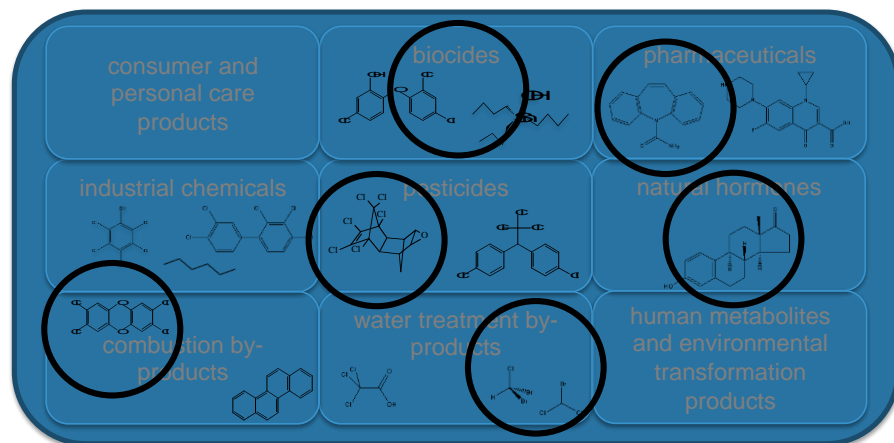


Courtesy by Beate Escher

$$\begin{aligned} \text{mg/kg} &= \text{mg/L} = \text{ppm} = 10^6 \\ \mu\text{g/kg} &= \mu\text{g/L} = \text{ppb} = 10^9 \\ \text{ng/kg} &= \text{ng/L} = \text{ppt} = 10^{12} \end{aligned}$$

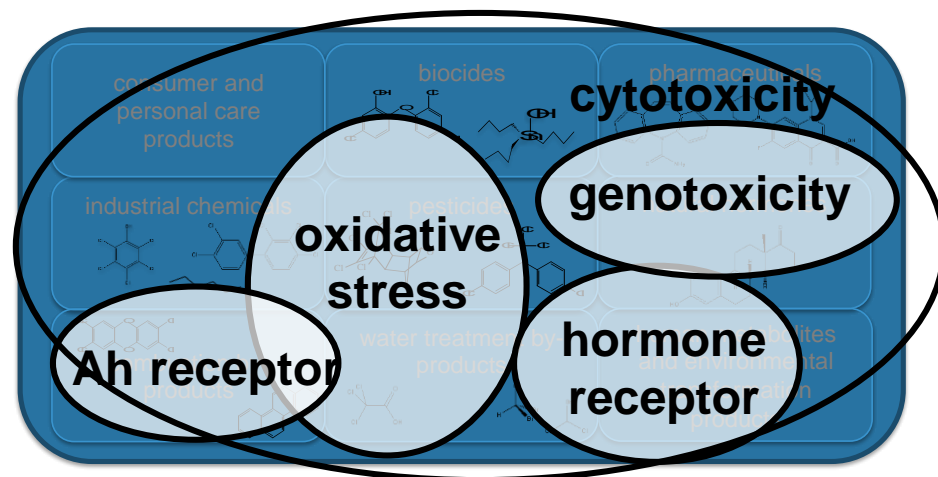
Chemical and bio-analysis are complementary and deliver pieces of the puzzle

Chemical analysis:



- **Quantitative for key target chemicals**
- **Unknowns difficult and work-intensive to identify (non-target analysis)**

Bioanalytical tools:



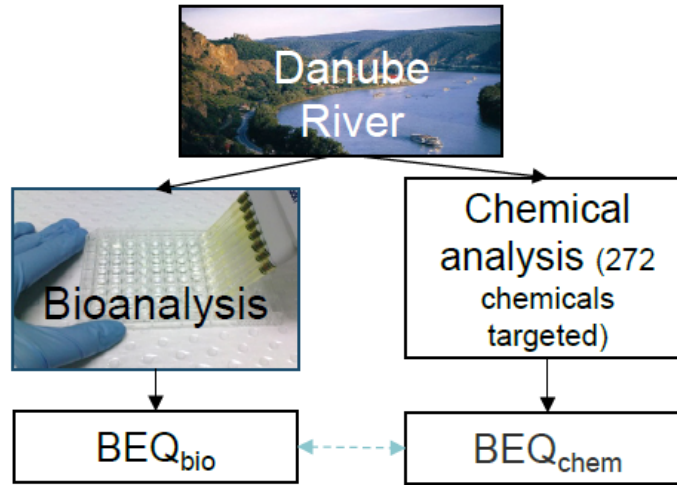
- **From fully integrative to summation of groups of chemicals with common mode of action**
- **Single chemicals cannot be resolved**



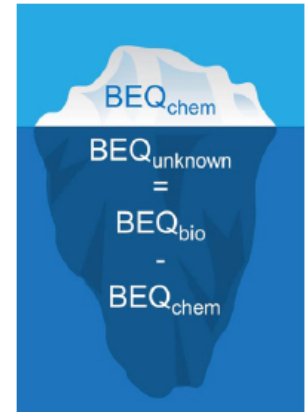
Danube case study: Large fraction of unspecific effects remains unexplained by detected chemicals



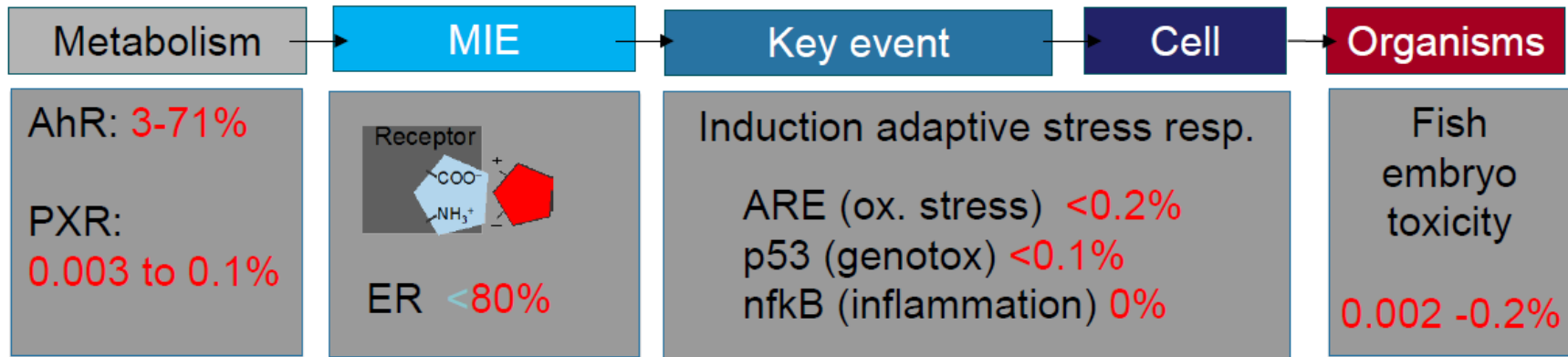
HV & LV SPE
Schulze et al. 2017 STOTEN



% contribution to effect?



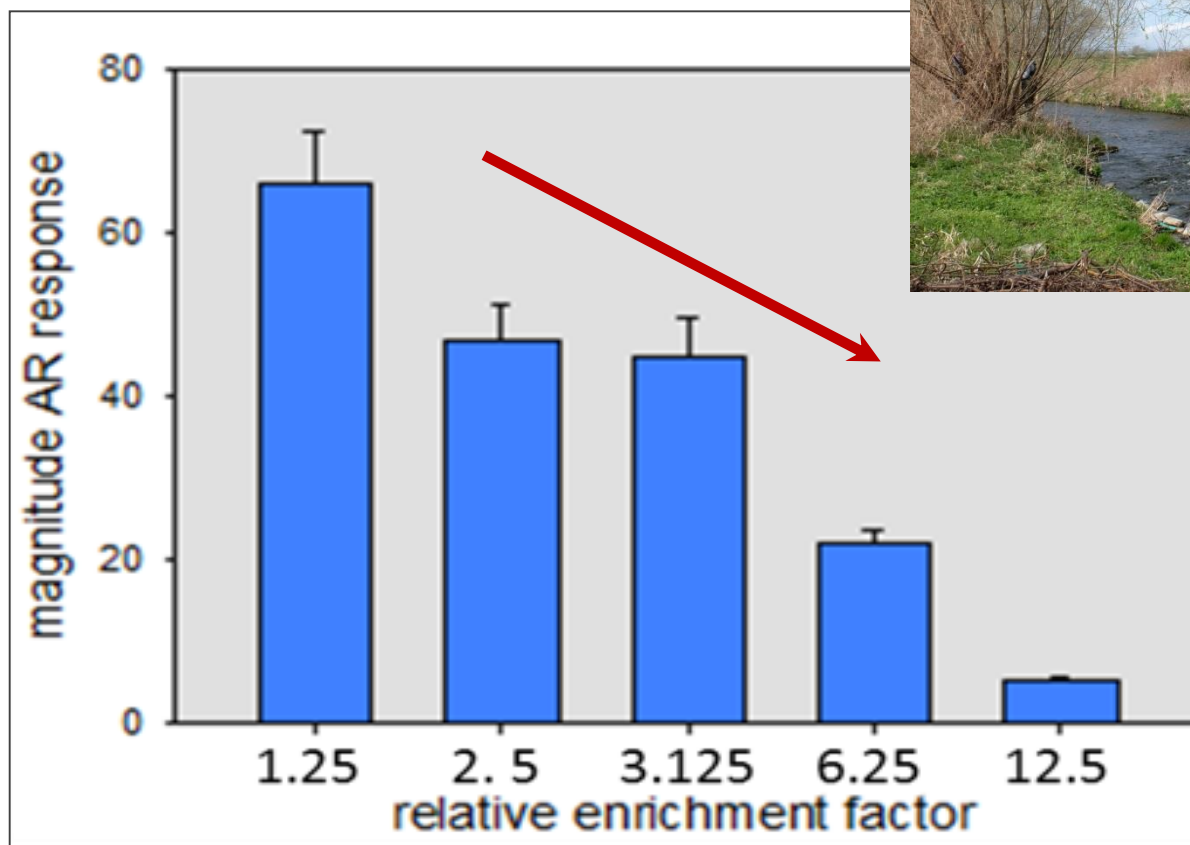
First iceberg today 😊!



Neale, Ait-Aissa, Brack, Creusot, Denison, Deutschmann, Hilscherova, Hollert, Krauss, Novak, Schulze, Seiler, Serra, Shao, Escher, (2015) ES&T 49: 14614-14624

Example: Anti-androgenic effects in River Holtemme, Germany

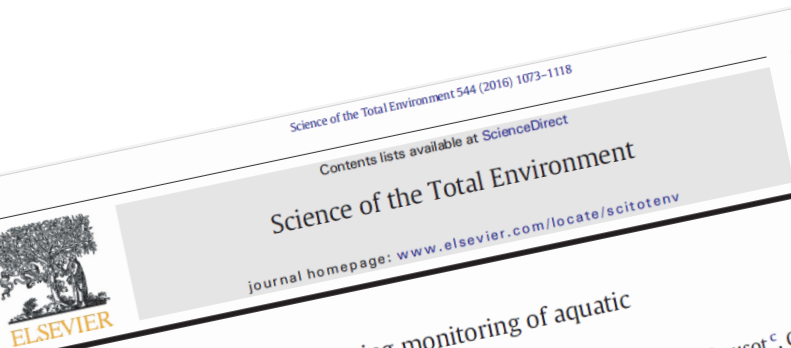
AR CALUX:



solutions



Effect-directed analysis



Science of the Total Environment 544 (2016) 1073–1118
Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

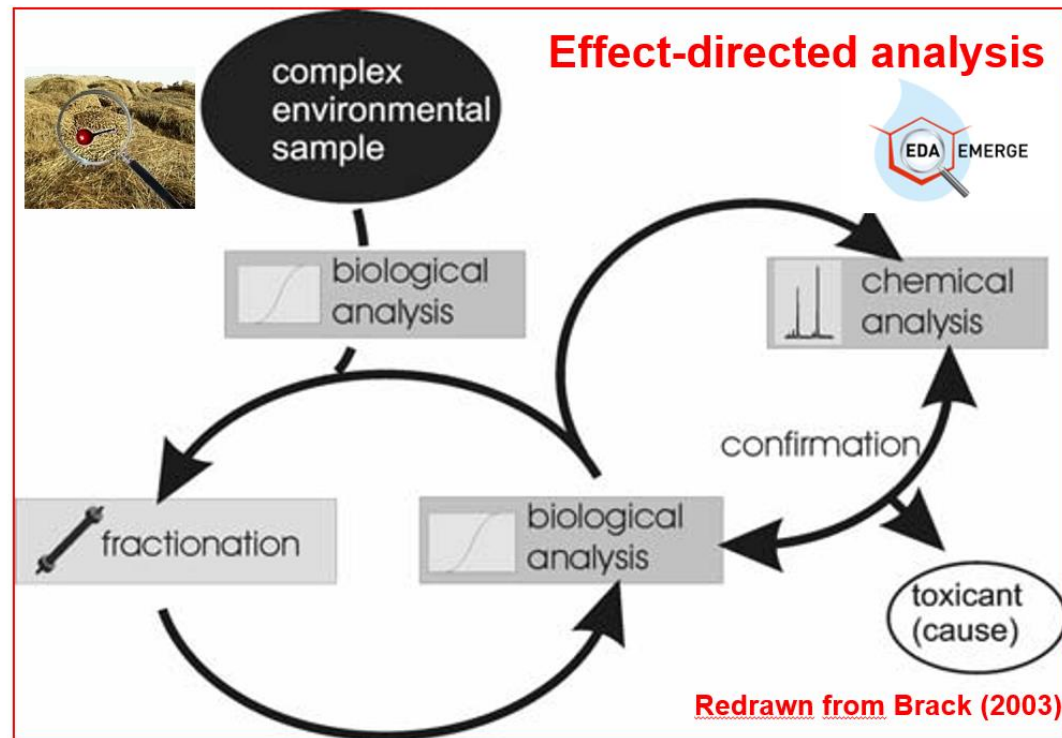
Science of the Total Environment
journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/scitotenv

Review

Effect-directed analysis supporting monitoring of aquatic environments – An in-depth overview

Werner Brack^{a,b,*}, Selim Ait-Aissa^c, Robert M. Burgess^d, Wibke Busch^a, Nicolas Creusot^c, Beate I. Escher^{a,e}, L. Mark Hewitt^f, Klara Hilscherova^g, Juliane Hollender^h, Henner Hollertⁱ, Jeroen Kool^j, Marja Lamoree^j, Matthias Muschket^a, Steffen Neumann^k, Pawel Rostkowski^k, Christoph Ruttikies^k, Jennifer Schollee^h, Emma L. Schymanski^h, Tobias Schulze^a, Thomas Andrew J. Tindall^m, Gisela De Aragão Umbuzeiroⁿ, Branislav Vrana^g, Martin Krauss^a

- ^a UFZ Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research, Permoserstraße 15, 04318 Leipzig, Germany
- ^b RWTH Aachen University, Worringerweg 1, 52074 Aachen, Germany
- ^c Institut National de l'Environnement Industriel et des Risques (INERIS, BP2, 60550 Verneuil-en-Halatte, France
- ^d US Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Research and Development, National Health and Environmental Effects Research Laboratory, Atlantic Ecology Division, 1600 Truman Blvd., Durham, NC 27711, USA
- ^e Eberhard Karls University Tübingen, 72074 Tübingen, Germany
- ^f Environment Canada, 867 Lakeshore Road, Burlington, Ontario L7S 1A1, Canada
- ^g Water Science and Technology Directorate, Environment Canada, 8600 Dübendorf, Switzerland
- ^h Masaryk University, Research Centre for Toxic Compounds in the Environment (RECETOX), Kamenice 753/5, 625 00 Brno, Czech Republic
- ⁱ Eawag, Swiss Federal Institute of Aquatic Science and Technology, Dübendorf, The Netherlands
- ^j VU Amsterdam, BioMolecular Analysis Group, Amsterdam, The Netherlands
- ^k VU Amsterdam, Institute for Environmental Studies, Amsterdam, The Netherlands
- ^l Leibniz Institute of Plant Biochemistry, Halle (Saale), Germany
- ^m NILU – Norwegian Institute for Air Research, Instituttveien 18, 2007 Kjeller, Norway
- ⁿ WatchFrog, Bâtiment Genavevir 3, 1 Rue Pierre Fontaine, 91000 Evry, France
- ^o University of Campinas, Limeira, Brazil



Redrawn from Brack (2003)

Hecker & Hollert (2009) Effect-directed analysis (EDA) in aquatic ecotoxicology: state of the art and future challenges, *Environ Sci Poll Res*, 16:607–613



Effect-directed analysis

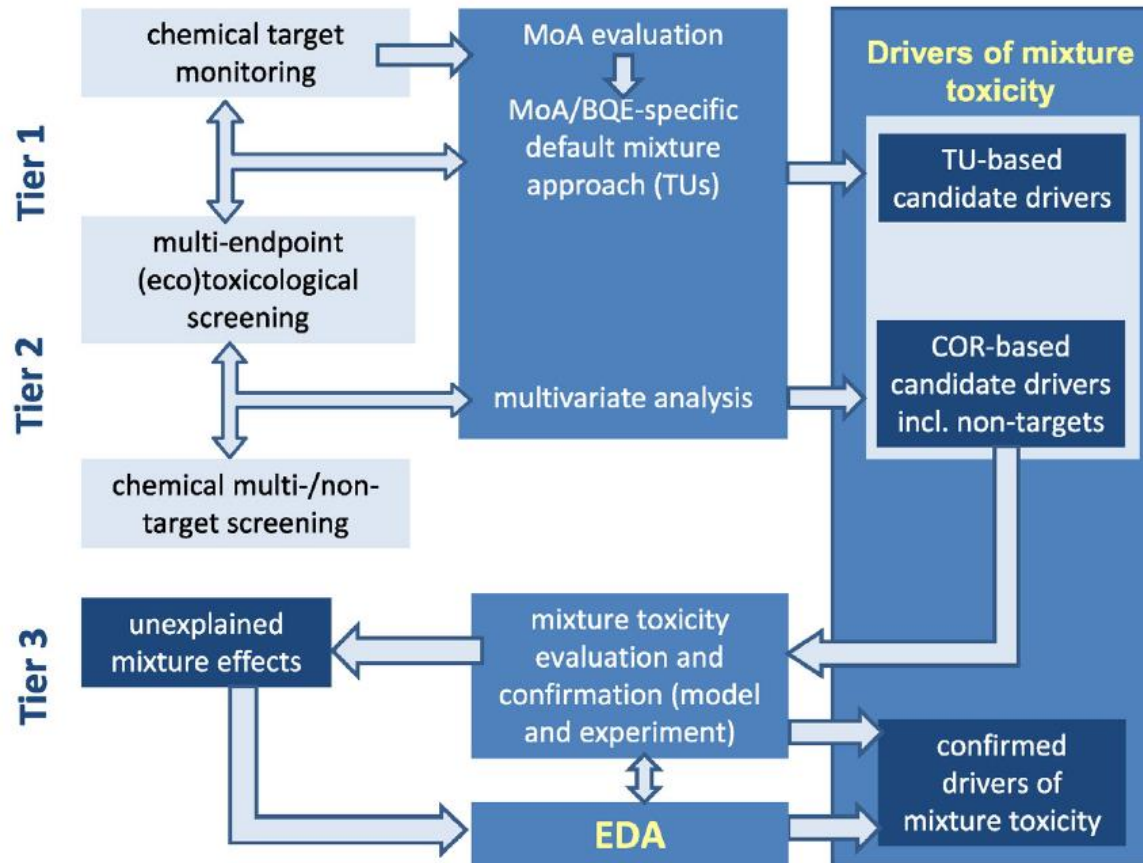
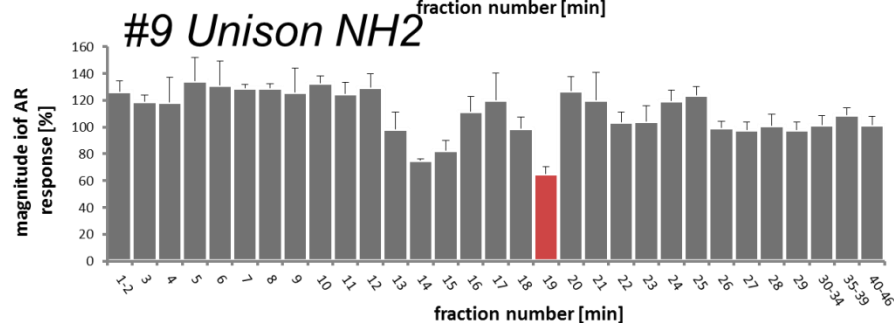
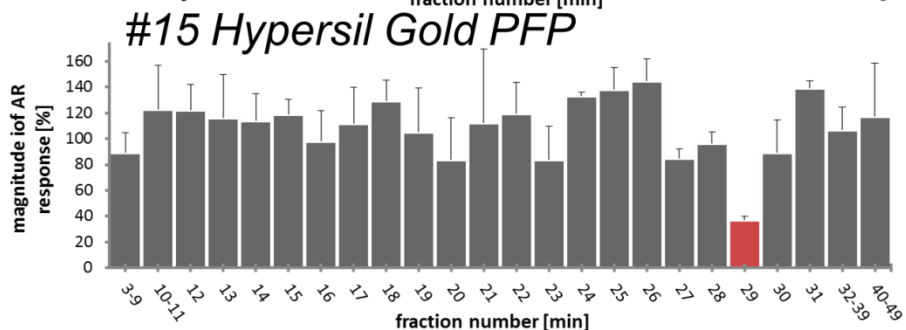
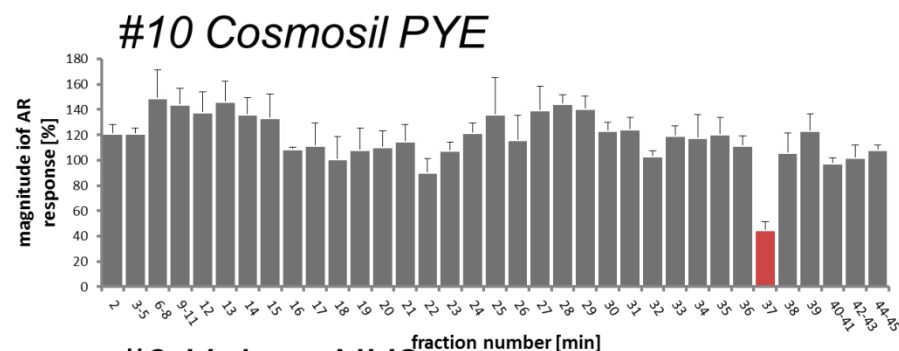
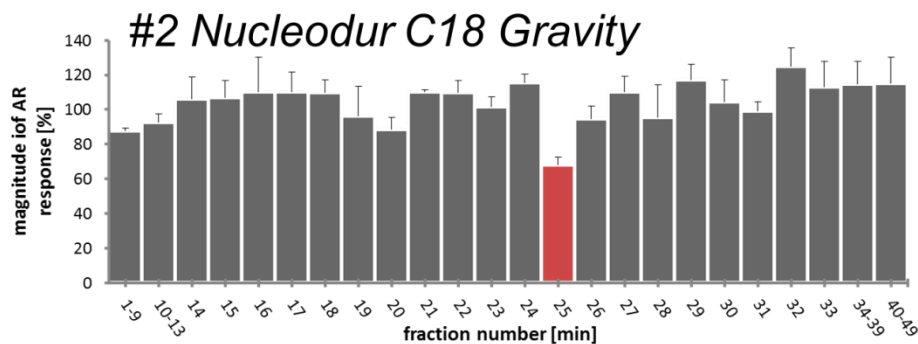


Fig. 2. Scheme of a conceptual framework for monitoring-based identification of drivers of mixture toxicity and the role of EDA in that framework. MoA = mode of action, BQE = Biological Quality Element, TU = toxic units, COR = correlation (modified from Altenburger et al., 2015).

Example: Anti-androgenic effects in River Holtemme, Germany

Parallel RP-LC fractionation on orthogonal columns and testing of fractions:



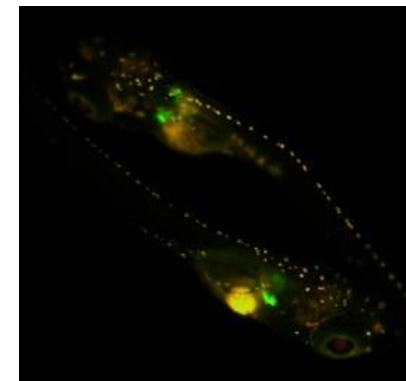
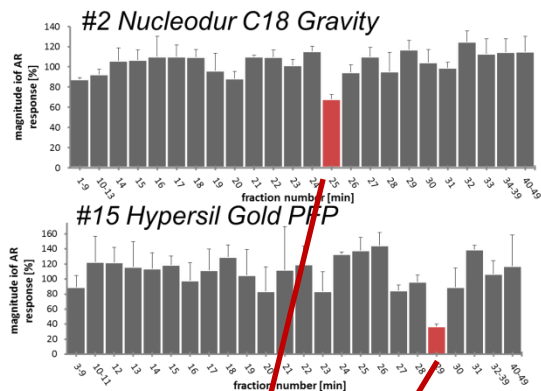
Each fractionation procedure provides one active fraction:

⇒ Searching for the peaks they have in common

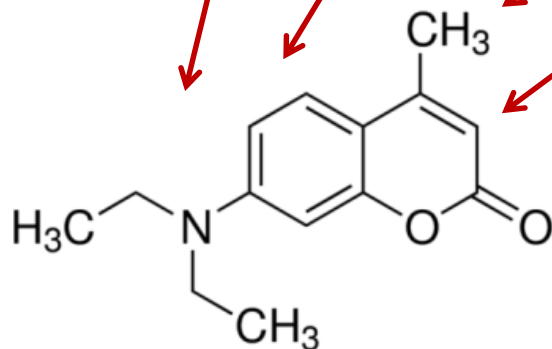
⇒ Identification with LC-HRMS



Example: Anti-androgenic effects in River Holtemme, Germany



Confirmation of effect *in vivo* in transgenic Medaka larvae



4-methyl-7-diethylaminocoumarin and two metabolites

Quantitative confirmation as cause of the effect *in vitro*



We started as a consortium of 17 partners ...

We now have 70+ members !!!

The NORMAN network on emerging environmental substances

Valeria Dulio, INERIS
Executive Secretary of the NORMAN Association
Valeria.dulio@ineris.fr

Henner Hollert, RWTH Aachen University
Head Working Group 2 on Bioassays of the NORMAN Association



Network of reference laboratories, research centers and related organisations for monitoring of emerging environmental substances

Working Groups

Mission:

- Exchange information on emerging substances
- Improve data quality
- Promote synergies among research teams and more efficient use of research findings to policy-makers

1) Prioritisation

2) Bioassays

3) Effect-Directed Analysis

4) Engineered Nanoparticles

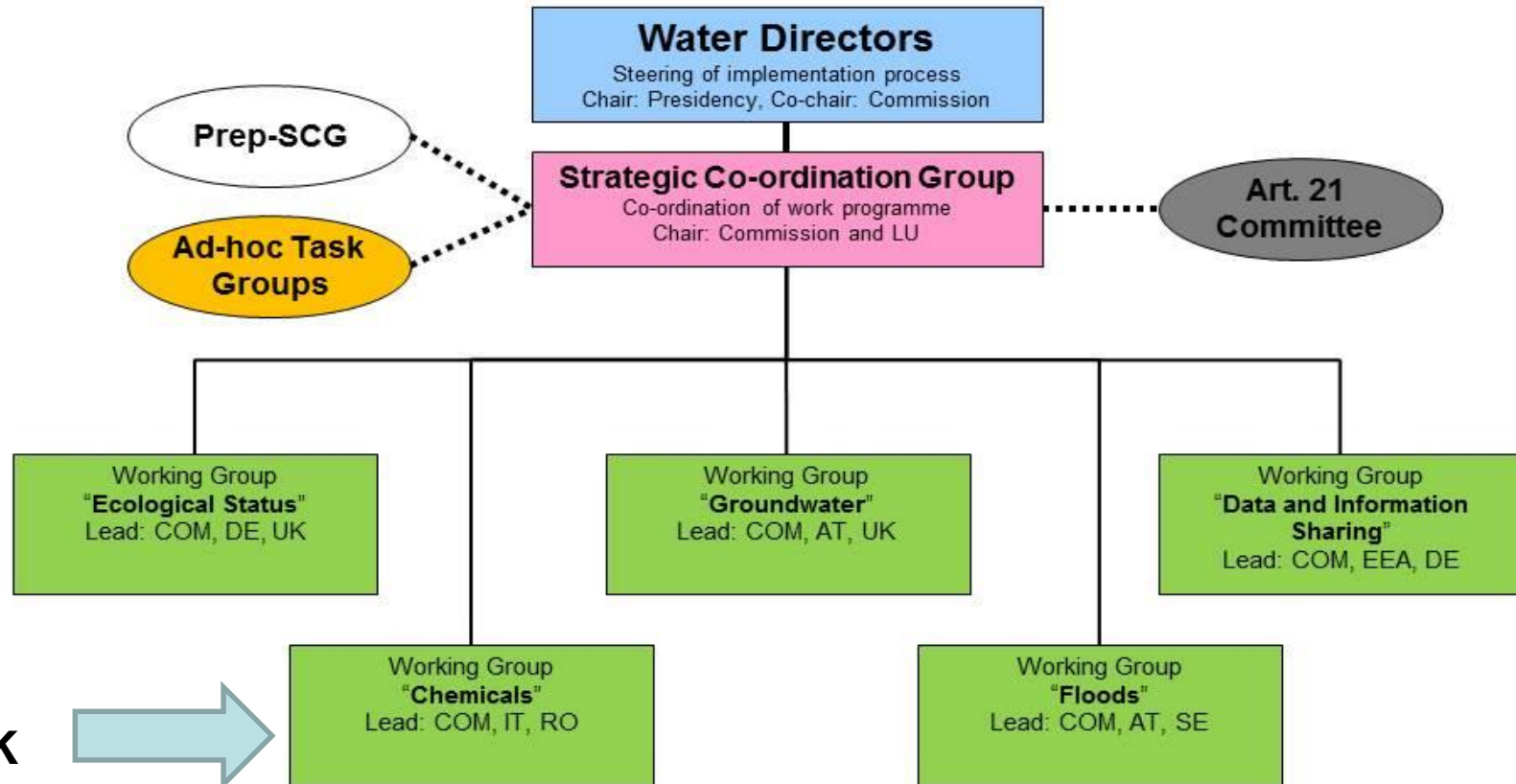
5) Wastewater reuse

6) Indoor environment

+ 2 Cross-WG: Passive sampling and NT screening



CIS Organisation 2016-2018



EBM TASK



COMMON IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY



CMEP (Chemical Monitoring and Emerging Pollutants) Activity-Task on Effect-Based Tools (2010-2012) in the context of WG Chemicals.



Technical Report on Aquatic Effect Based Tools Published (2014)



Wernersson et al. *Environmental Sciences Europe* (2015) 27:7
DOI 10.1186/s12302-015-0039-4

 Environmental Sciences Europe
a SpringerOpen Journal

RESEARCH

Open Access

The European technical report on aquatic effect-based monitoring tools under the water framework directive

Ann-Sofie Wernersson¹, Mario Carere^{2*}, Chiara Maggi³, Petr Tusil⁴, Premysl Soldan⁴, Alice James⁵, Wilfried Sanchez⁵, Valeria Dulio⁵, Katja Broeg⁶, Georg Reifferscheid⁷, Sebastian Buchinger⁷, Hannie Maas⁸, Esther Van Der Grinten⁹, Simon O'Toole¹⁰, Antonella Ausili³, Loredana Manfra³, Laura Marziali¹¹, Stefano Polesello¹¹, Ines Lacchetti², Laura Mancini², Karl Lilja¹², Maria Linderoth¹², Tove Lundeberg¹², Bengt Fjällborg¹, Tobias Porsbring¹, DG Joakim Larsson¹³, Johan Bengtsson-Palme¹³, Lars Förlin¹³, Cornelia Kienle¹⁴, Petra Kunz¹⁴, Etienne Vermeirssen¹⁴, Inge Werner¹⁴, Craig D Robinson¹⁵, Brett Lyons¹⁶, Ioanna Katsiadaki¹⁶, Caroline Whalley¹⁷, Klaas den Haan¹⁸, Marlies Messiaen¹⁹, Helen Clayton²⁰, Teresa Lettieri²¹, Raquel Negrão Carvalho²¹,

... validation and harmonization of methods for the chemical and biological monitoring of emerging contaminants (eg. Wernersson et al. 2015).

Directors of the European Union, Candidate and EFTA Countries
4th and 5th of December 2013





**Marie Curie ITN Project EDA Emerge
EU Integrated Project Solutions**

Informal meeting of Water and Marine Directors of the European Union, Candidate and EFTA Countries

Vilnius, 4th and 5st of May 2013

Final Synthesis

Introduction

The Water and Marine Directors of the European Union¹ (EU) and EFTA countries² met on 4th and 5st of December 2013.

The Water Directors

- received information about a number of issues (CIS progress report, preparation of Commission report on the progress of the WFD Programme of Measures, the recently published reports on the implementation of Nitrates and the Urban Waste Water Treatment Directives, the review of the Annexes of the Groundwater Directive, the

In vitro assays in Europe

Table 1 *In vitro* assays and their modes of action

Name/s of assay	Mode of action/endpoint
AR CALUX (anti-)	Androgen receptor (activation or blocking)
DR CALUX	AH receptor binding
ER CALUX (anti-)	Alpha and beta/estrogen receptors
GR CALUX (anti-)	Glucocorticoid receptor
PAH CALUX	AH receptor binding
PR CALUX	Progesterone receptor
Acetylcholinesterase inhibition assay	Inhibition of acetylcholinesterase activity
Carboxylesterase inhibition assay	Inhibition of carboxylesterase activity
Ames	Mutagenicity
umuC	Primary DNA damage
TTR-binding	Competition with thyroid hormone for binding to TTR (transport protein)
TRb CALUX	Thyroid receptor beta
EROD	EROD induction
YES	ER receptor
YAS	AR receptor
P-53 accumulation	Genotoxicity
Green screen	Genotoxicity
RYA	ER receptor
ABC assay	Antibiotic activity



Technical Report - 2014 - 077

TECHNICAL REPORT ON AQUATIC EFFECT-BASED MONITORING TOOLS



- ER-CALUX
- L-YES
- H295r assay

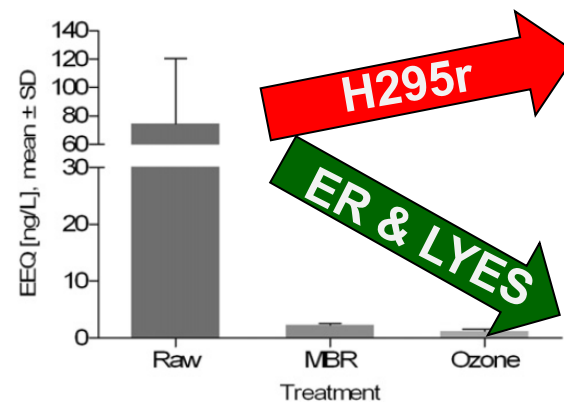
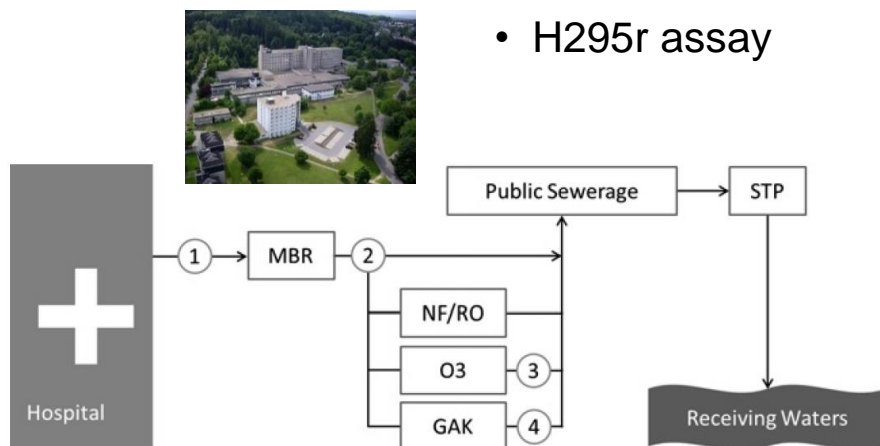


Fig. 2 – Comparison of the Estradiol Equivalents (EEQs) of the three different sewage samples raw (raw sewage before treatment), MBR (sewage after membrane bioreactor treatment) and Ozone (sewage after MBR and ozone treatment) in the LYES. Bars represent mean values of three independent sampling dates with SEM (error bars).

Maletz, S., Floehr, T., Beier, S., Klümper, C., Brouwer, A., Behnisch, P., Higley, E., Giesy, J.P., Hecker, M., Gebhardt, W., Linnemann, V., Pinnekamp, J., Hollert, H. 2014 Water Research

The Utility of Exposure and Effect-Based Analysis in the Ecotoxicological Assessment of Transformation Products

Y. Müller,^{1,3} L. Zhu,^{1,2,3} S. E. Crawford,^{*,1,3} S. Küppers,² S. Schiwy,¹ and H. Hollert¹

© 2016 American Chemical Society

Drewes and Letzel; Assessing Transformation Products of Chemicals by Non-Target and Suspect Screening Strategies and ... ACS Symposium Series; American Chemical Society: Washington, DC, 2016.

Water Research 110 (2017) 378–388



ELSEVIER

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Water Research

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/watres



Effect-based tools for monitoring estrogenic mixtures: Evaluation of five *in vitro* bioassays



Petra Y. Kunz ^{a, 1, 2}, Eszter Simon ^{a, 1}, Nicolas Creusot ^b, B. Sumith Jayasinghe ^c,
Cornelia Kienle ^a, Sibylle Maletz ^d, Andrea Schifferli ^a, Christine Schönlau ^{d, 3},
Selim Aït-Aïssa ^b, Nancy D. Denslow ^c, Henner Hollert ^d, Inge Werner ^a,
Etiënne L.M. Vermeirssen ^{a, *}

^a Swiss Centre for Applied Ecotoxicology Eawag-EPFL, 8600 Dübendorf, Switzerland

^b INERIS, Institut National de l'Environnement Industriel et des Risques, Unité ECOT, Verneuil en Halatte, France

^c University of Florida, Center for Environmental and Human Toxicology, Gainesville, FL, USA

^d RWTH Aachen University, Institute for Environmental Research, Aachen, Germany

- The aim of this study was to compare the intra- and inter-day variability of EEQ measurements using five different ERTAs (YES, ER-CALUX, MELN, T47D-KBluc and GeneBLAzer-ER) with regard to their applicability as effect-based tools in environmental monitoring.
- Of the five ERTAs, ERa-CALUX had the best precision and repeatability (overall CV of 13%).



ELSEVIER

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Trends in Analytical Chemistry

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/trac



Effect-based and chemical analytical methods to monitor estrogens under the European Water Framework Directive



Sarah Könemann ^{a, b, *, 1}, Robert Kase ^{b, 1}, Eszter Simon ^b, Kees Swart ^c, Sebastian Buchinger ^d, Michael Schlüsener ^d, Henner Hollert ^a, Beate I. Escher ^{e, f}, Inge Werner ^b, Selim Aït-Aïssa ^g, Etienne Vermeirssen ^b, Valeria Dulio ^g, Sara Valsecchi ^h, Stefano Polesello ^h, Peter Behnisch ^c, Barbora Javurkova ⁱ, Olivier Perceval ^k, Carolina Di Paolo ^a, Daniel Olbrich ^b, Eliska Sychrova ⁱ, Rita Schlichting ^e, Lomig Leborgne ^l, Manfred Clara ^m, Christoph Scheffknecht ⁿ, Yves Marneffe ^o, Carole Chalon ^o, Petr Tušil ^p, Přemysl Soldán ^p, Brigitte von Danwitz ^q, Julia Schwaiger ^r, Maria Isabel San Martín Becares ^s, Francesca Bersani ^t, Klara Hilscherová ⁱ, Georg Reifferscheid ^d, Thomas Ternes ^d, Mario Carere ^u

... the NORMAN Estrogen Monitoring Project is aiming to further increase the acceptance of effect-based methods as a screening tool for the monitoring programmes under the Water Framework Directive (WFD)

Partners...

Joint Research Centre (EC), ONEMA (FR), INERIS (FR), Bio Detection Systems (NL), Swiss Centre for Applied Ecotoxicology (CH), Federal Institute of Hydrology (DE), Federal Environment Agency (DE), RWTH Aachen (DE), RECETOX (CZ), **NORMAN-Network**, Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research-UFZ (DE), IRSA-CNR (IT), Italian Institute of Health (IT), University of Leon (ES), Water Research Institute T.G.Masaryk (CZ), Bavarian State Office for Environment (DE), LANUV (DE), Environment Agency Austria (AT), ISSeP (Scientific Institute of Public Service) Wallonia (BE), SMAT (IT), Agence de l'eau Adour-Garonne (FR), Ontario Ministry of the Environment and Climate Change (CAN), McGill University (CAN), Environmental Institute (SK).

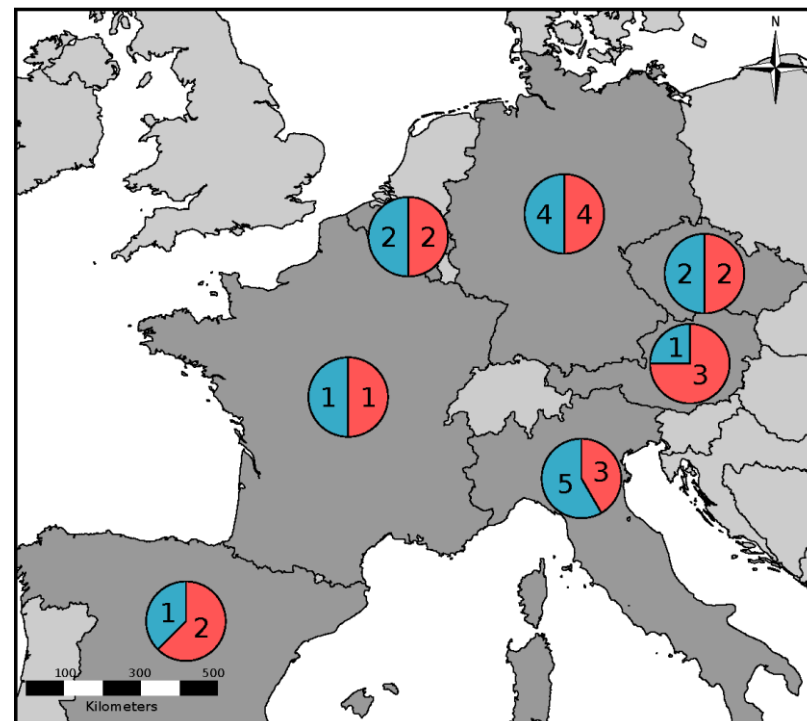
Around 65 colleagues from 24 institutes, agencies and 12 nations are involved, moreover 3 pharmaceutical companies joined the project in 2016.

Special thanks to the NORMAN-Network (www.norman-network.net) and Helen Clayton and Stéphanie Schaan DG Environment of EU Commission for their collaboration and support.



SAMPLING, CLEAN-UP, ANALYSES...

- 17 waste water and 16 surface water samples
- Cleaned up and extracted
- Analysed with
 - 3 high-end chemical analytical methods
 - 5 different *in vitro* bioassays



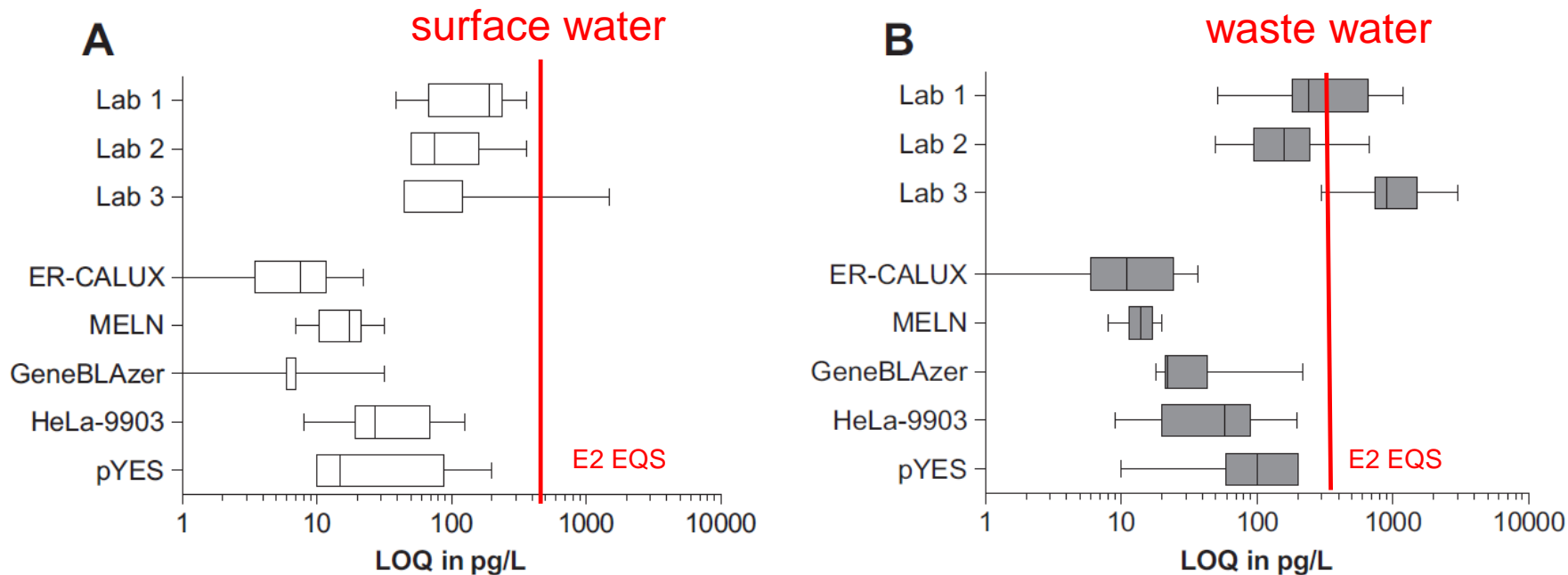
Number of surface (blue) and waste water (red) samples taken in each country.
(Könemann et al. 2018)

Percentage of LOQs (n=3) below the proposed EQS for E1, E2 and EE2. SW = 16 surface water samples, WW = 17 waste water samples.

	E1	E2	EE2
SW	100%	96%	19%
WW	100%	59%	0%

- E1 can be quantified at EQS level
- Quantification accuracy for E2 is sufficient for surface water
- EE2 cannot be sufficiently quantified at EQS level

Sample-dependent LOQs in surface and waste water extracts

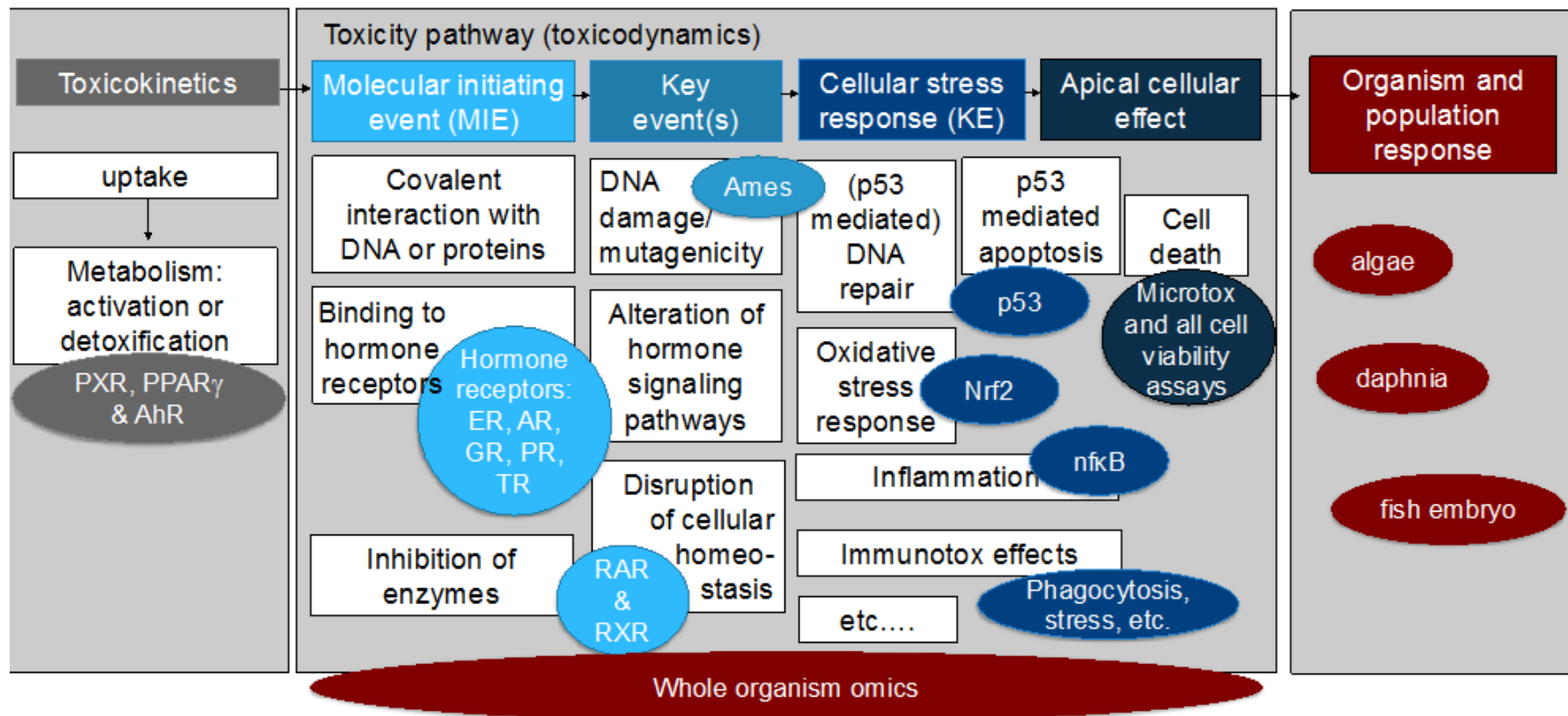


LOQs for E2 (reference compound) in surface water (A) and waste water (B) extracts for each bioassay and chemical analytical method.

Bioassays especially useful for the screening and risk assessment (Kase et al. 2018, TRAC)

Bioassays

- Cover all steps of the AOP (adverse outcome pathway)
- Link between cellular and apical *in vivo* effects



Note: Some endpoints are missing in the consortium (e.g. neurotoxicity)

solutions

NORMAN: Drafting of a common position within the wider scientific community on how to use bioassays for water quality monitoring (chemical status):



Joint Scientific Publication:

- Recommendations for a common battery of bioassays
- Agreement on a check list of quality / performance criteria for the benchmarking of bioassays

Development of
effect-based trigger values (EBT)
Proposed Collaboration
NORMAN-SOLUTIONS

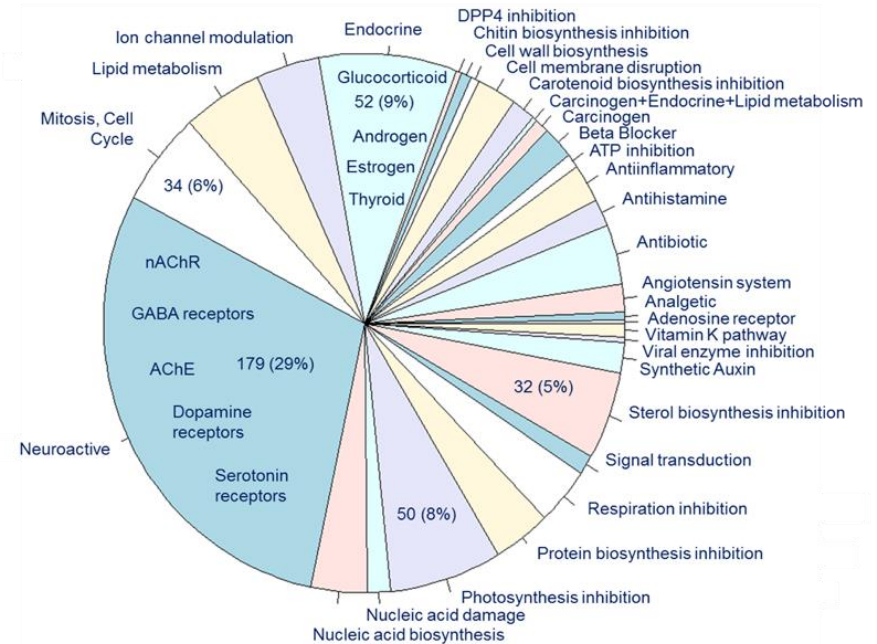
Aims of this action:

(1) to write a joint manuscript on neurotoxicity as an emerging MOA for water quality monitoring

(2) to organize a follow-up workshop on aquatic neurotoxicity, increasing the awareness on the topic and the collaboration between interested stakeholders; and

(3) to develop an interlaboratory activity in 2018 to demonstrate the performance and usefulness of the bioassays on neurotoxicity.

You are invited to join the JPA !
Henner.Hollert@bio5.rwth-aachen.de



Bioassays that cover MOAs of known environmental pollutants

Busch et al. (2016). Micropollutants in European rivers: A mode of action survey to support the development of effect-based tools for water monitoring. *Environ. Toxicol. Chem.* 35: 1887-1899.



CMEP (Chemical Monitoring and Emerging Pollutants) Activity-Task on Effect-Based Tools (2010-2012) in the context of WG Chemicals.



Technical Report on Aquatic Effect Based Tools Published (2014)



WG Chemicals Mandate 2016-2018 (*“Effect-based assays; links between chemical and ecological status; mixtures. Possible follow-up of estrogen-screening project. Exchange of information on innovative techniques, approaches and potential application in WFD context”*)



Water Directors Endorsement (November 2016) for a new approach for the chemical status assessment



Expert Group of WG chemicals «Effect-based Methods»-Objectives

- Identification and Selection of relevant modes of Actions of Chemical Substances
- Identification and Selection of «Effect based methods» for the detection of the relevant Modes of Actions
- Selection of «effect based methods» to detect the effect of complex mixtures
- Identification of «trigger values/assessment criteria»
- Evaluation of methods connected with the Ecological Status
- Link with Marine strategy
- Use in the WFD and Identification of sources
- Feasibility of the approach

ACTIVITY: EFFECT-BASED METHODS

for WG Chemicals as part of the Water Framework Directive CIS Work Programme (2016-2018) endorsed by the Water Directors

“Effect-based assays; links between chemical and ecological status; mixtures. Possible follow-up of estrogen-screening project. Exchange of information on innovative techniques, approaches and potential application in WFD context”

TERMS of REFERENCE

Introduction

In the aquatic environment¹ thousands of chemical substances are discharged daily, from point and





Thank you for your attention!

Henner.Hollert@bio5.rwth-aachen.de

Effect-Based Trigger Values developments

Environmental quality standard (EQS) proposals - **single substances**





EQS (ng / L)	E1	E2	EE2
	3.6	0.4	0.037
	-	0.4	0.035



Median of several test specific EBT

Effect-based trigger values (EBT)

- **integrated effects**

EBT (ng / L)	Based on	Reference
0.3	PNEC, REP, wastewater composition	Jarosova et al. 2014
0.4	  EQS	Loos et al. 2012, Kunz et al. 2014
0.5	SSD, scenario-based	van der Oost et al. 2017

all EBT proposals were tested in Estrogen Monitoring project

